

Philosophical Transactions

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consist Dr. Teng's. Since the Leaves have been explicated, we have observ'd the Sycamore after several frosty nights to bleed afreshin the morning, soon after Sun-rising, when it had ceased several dayes before: I hough this must not be understood of all Sycamores, but of some only that are more sensible and observant of the Weather.

April 3d. and 4th. all the Sycamores quite ceased.

The 5th, being after a white frost, they began to bleed about 8 a clock, and ceased towards noon.

The 9th, 12th, 13th, 15th they bled again. The 10th, 11th, 14th were not observed.

This 16th they bled not, it being rainy, and the Sun not thining.

From the Observations we have hitherto made, we think it may be certainly inferr'd, that a morning-sun after a frost will make all the Bleeding Tribe bleed asresh, though they had before ceased; and that this new bleeding towards the latter end of the season commonly ceaseth before morning. Possibly some may bleed after a frost, yet further in the Summer.

I observed last year in August a copious and spontaneous exudation, very like bleeding, of a viscous yellow Juice out of the buds of a black Poplar. Our Walnut-trees bleed here in January.

The Starre-fish, in the last Transactions, is the Stella arborescens Rondeletti p. 121. first described by him, and since by other Natura-

lists.

There is no such dwarf-Oak in Old England, growing wild, as was sent you out of New-England, nor in any other Country, where we have been, unless it be the Ilex coccifera, which is a low shrub, bearing large Acorns, and hath a prickly leaf like Holly. If it prove that, it will be a sucriferous discovery.

Midleton in Warnick shire April 16, 1670.

An Account of some Books.

I. Joh. Sig. Elsholtii, Elector. Brandenburg. Medici, CLYS MATICA NOVA, sive Ratio in venam sestam Medicamenta immittendi. COLONIÆ BRANDEBURGICÆ. 1667. in 8°.

The Title-page of this Book, but very lately come into England, shews this to be the fecond Edition: and the Author in the Conclusion of it tells the Reader, that the first Edition thereof was publick A. 1665. at which time he affirms there had been nothing printed (for ought he knew) either by English, French, or Italians, of this argument. To which we shall here say nothing, but refer the Candid Reader to what hath been said already (by way of vindicating the Invention, both of Insusing Medical Liquors, and of Transsusing Blood, from usurpation)

pation) in several of these Tracts, as Numb. 7. p. 123. Numb. 20. 353

Numb. 22. p. 385. Numb. 35. p. 677, 678, 679, 680, 681.

Meantime, this Author, having collected in this little Tract divers of the Experiments, made in *England*, *France*, and *Italy*, concerning these Inventions (of which we might have a far greater stock, and that a very considerable one, as to that of *Infusion*, if our Learned and Candid Doctor *Timothy Clark*, one of his Majesties Physicians in Ordinary, and a Fellow of the R. Society, could but find the leasure of digesting for the Press what he bath done on this subject many years ago) discourseth of the particular Diseases, wherein this Insusing Chirurgery hath been used with success, and suggests those, to which it might be further extended with benefit.

II. Nicolai Hobokeni ANATOMIA SECUNDIN. Æ HUMA. N.Æ, Ultrajetti A. 1669 in 8°.

His Author, intending to inquire more narrowly into all the particulars concerning Humane Generation, premifeth these Observations, touching the Humane Secundine, lately made by himself, and accompanied with 15 accurate Schemes, drawn, (as he saith) by his own hand,

and representing;

First, in a Female Fatus, the placenta uteri, together with the Membranes and String, on both sides, where the same respects the uterus as well as the satus; and more particularly the Membrane Amnios, sever'd from the placenta, and the Vessels running through the other Membrane, Chorion; then, that portion of the string, wherein the laxeness, inequalities and contorsions of the Membrane, together with all the contain'd vessels in their proper scituation, are observed; next, the Macula, appearing somewhat prominent in one of the Arteries, by which may easily be found the passage of the Bloud to the Placenta, and its difficult regress towards the Navil of the Fatus; more-over, the interiour substance of the placenta, and all the ramifications of the Veins and Arteries.

Secondly, in a Male fatus, a review of all the former particulars, toge-

ther with feveral differences from that of the Female.

To these Observations is subjoyn'd a Collection of Letters, written by this Author to divers Learned men, touching Generation, together with their Answers: In which Collection its intimated, that the Curious may now expect from Dr. Dimerbrocek, the samous Physician of Utricht, his Anatomy, which by reason of his great practise, and a multitude of other avocations hath been hitherto retarded.

111. Joh. Ludov. Gansii M.D. CORALLIORUM HISTO-RIA. Francosurti A. 1669. in 12°.

In this History the Author affirms to have digested both what ha.h been deliver d of Corals, and what himself hath observed and try d of that curious product of Nature, taken notice of by the Poet, 4. Metam.

Sic & Coralium, quo primum contigit auras Tempore, durescit, mollis fuit herba sub undis.

Which affirmation this Author looks upon as poetical indeed and fictious, afferting, that Coral is originally a Mineral, and a kind of precious Stone, Corals being no berries petrified, but pieces filed off and turnd, from the trunck, round and polifit.

His opinion therefore is, that Coral is form'd out of a glutinous Juyce, which being turn d into Stone by a falt, abounding in it, rifeth up in the form of a Shrub, the falt being the cause, that maketh Plants spread into branches.

The places of the production of Coral he names to be, the Red Sea (where they are darkish,) the Persian Gulf, the Sicilian and Neapolitan shore. Some of them are Red, others White, others Blackish.

To this Accompt he annexes various Preparations made of them; as alfo divers Solutions, of which he delivers one as an excellent diffolvent both of Corals and Pearls, made of very well rectified spirit of Salt, digefled, and freed of its Corrosiveness, and then mixt with good spirit of Wine distilled and brought over the Alembic. May-Dew is also much commended by him for a sit Menstruum, if the spirits distilled from it be joyn'd with its own Salt.

He treats also of the Magisteries, Extract, Oyl, Tincture, Quintesfence, Flowers; as also of the Vertues of Corals, and of the way of making factitious ones.

ERRATA, left uncorrected in some of the former Tracts

In No 54. p. 1082. l. 14. r. 4000. ib. l.32. r. Garniela for Carinihia, p. 1083. l. 16.r. the Recks, p. 1084. l. 19. r. upon retiring of the waters.

In No 56. p. 1135. l. 26. r. our Island, p. 1137. l. 16. r. britle diamonds, ibid. l. 26. r. or diggid, p. 1138. l. 35. r. were a continued and entire, p. 1139. l. 35. r. strait or through winding.

In No 57. p. 1147. l. s. r. communications, ibid. l.ult. r. defire, p. 1155.l. 23. r. cleanfing, p. 1158.l. 24 r. found by, p. 1171.l. 18. r. planetæ, ib. spectatur, ib. l. 19. spectatur.